



SUMMARY WHAT THE RAPPOREUR OF THE WORKING TABLE DOES TRAILS OF MEMORY

Good evening, both to those of you who accompany us here, and to those of you behind the camera, on the networks.

The Paths of Memory are spaces of equality, freedom, solidarity, social justice and constitute one of the most tenacious activities to definitively achieve the end of the impunity of the Franco regime and the truth, justice, reparation and guarantee of non-repetition that they make of our a society, a truly democratic society.

We had a good afternoon of work at the Memory Trails Table, in which we had the presentations of Fernando Alcalde, Luis Naranjo and Pepe Enguix that I will try to summarize below.

Fernando Alcalde has presented to us the activity of the April 14 Association for the Recovery of the Historical Memory of the Granada Coast.

Referring to his research and dissemination works focused on two main lines: on the one hand, the guerrilla struggle that took place in that area of the southern mountains of Granada, and on the other, how could it be otherwise, in the events related to the taking of Malaga, in particular, La Desbandá and the subsequent stabilization of the front in the Motril area or, rather, along the Motril - Mulhacén axis, which was carried out by the 23 Republican Division in the which was part of the XIII International Brigade, from February - March 1937.

In these research works they have documented and cataloged all the vestiges of the two fronts, both that of the rebel army and that of the Republic, south of the Sierra Nevada, as I told you before, from Mulhacén to the coast. Likewise and as part of these works, they have drawn a map of the graves of the entire region.

But Fernando told us that all this work needs the complement of the trails. The paths that run through all these spaces are necessary, that go through all these vestiges and that show how the events were and that contribute to recovering the memory of what happened. The April 14 Association has laid out about 60 kilometers of routes through the Memory Trails in this area.

As an example of them, he has mentioned the journey to the Carchuna Fort, which was the scene not only of the well-known episode of the rescue of the Asturian miners and military in May 1938, but was later a detention and repression center in the years immediately after the war. And, as another example, he also mentioned the Mulhacén path, along which many of the remains and

fortifications that the combatants made from March 37 on a stabilized front until the end of the war can still be traversed, still very well preserved. Therefore, the combatants who were on that front and spent two winters there under the conditions you can imagine, above 2,500 - 2,700 meters of altitude.

Fernando has ended his intervention with a series of very specific work proposals for the Red de Senderos that are of great value and that we want to collect as soon as possible to start a short and medium-term strategy.

And that connects with what **Luis Naranjo** told us, who began his speech by insisting on the importance of the Paths of Memory. The Paths of Memory as creators of anti-fascist consciousness in which it is necessary to emphasize, in addition, the informative, environmental and ethnographic values of the areas they cover.

Luis proposes, that it would be an objective of this Network, to ensure that each province had a guide to the Memory Trails of the same, accompanied by the corresponding didactic material. With keys to understand what happened during the war and during the anti-Franco resistance that took place in each of these areas.

Then, it has gone on to a general description of the trails in the province of Córdoba, framed in each of the regions of the province and that were left at the beginning of the war, some on the side of the rebels and others remained loyal to the Republic.

Luis has cited several examples of some of the trails that the Forum for the Memory of Córdoba has documented and that they travel with some assiduity.

Some of them are part of what has been called La Desbandá Córdoba, when the capital and its bordering regions were going to be taken by the rebels and the people living in the area had to flee, in the first instance to save their lives and, later so that many of them rejoined the fight from the rear.

He has also mentioned the ambush that took place in the Barranco de la Huesa, in which the members of the General Staff of the Third Guerrilla Group were assassinated, and that today is remembered with a marked Memory Trail and with explanatory panels about what happened in this place in June 1947.

And he has referred to the spaces that, from the Almedinilla Nature Classroom, offer Trails of Memory in which the trenches and positions are crossed, also very well preserved in this area, both of the rebels and of the Army of the Republic.

And finally, **Pepe Enguix** our La Desbandá guide who has told us about the Path, the great Path of La Desbandá. Both with details of the routes already carried out in the last four years, as well as some of the projects for the future and improvements already planned for the next routes, among which Pepe emphasizes the need to walk with more Associations. The Path has to belong to everyone.

Among the data referring to the 4 editions of the March already carried out, the participation one stands out, with up to about 500 people doing the integral march, and more than 2,500 participating in individual stages of the route.

We have favorably evaluated the growing dissemination of La Desbandá in the media, with interventions already in state-level programs.

And well, from there we have started talking about future projects. We are going to go from the beacons to the information panels, to the information templates supported with current technical

means, with QR codes and elements of this type so that people can take the information to their mobiles, which they have them for. We will make that of La Desbandá, also a digital trail, which is what it takes.

And above all, he mentioned the project to incorporate this trail as a European trail, as a long-distance European trail, Trail E12. Also among the projects is that we have the incorporation of more and more young people, or at least in events that are especially dedicated to young people. Well, this ties in with what has been worked on at other tables, obviously.

And he has told us about new ideas, such as incorporating into the La Desbandá march, means such as the Joëlette chair or the bars for the visually impaired, which make our Path more and more adapted to more people.

And in the nearest future, we are already preparing La Desbandá de 2021, which will be a “Covid trail” and we will have to count on it, but we will present and open the registration immediately. Finally, we have finished the session at this Table, presenting the work of the last months of compiling all the information that we already have about Memory Paths on the web page that has been developed for this and that, as you already know, is available, is already up and running, so I end up with a

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Thank you. **Santiago Aparicio**